



Investigational Herpes Zoster Adjuvanted Subunit (HZ/su) Vaccine: Efficacy in People 70 Years and Older

ACIP – October 19, 2016

Romulo Colindres, MD, MPH

Global Medical Affairs Lead, Zoster

GSK

Epidemiology of Herpes Zoster (HZ) In the United States



~1M

cases in the U.S.
annually¹

32%

estimated lifetime
risk of zoster¹

50%

of persons living
over age 85 years
are likely to
develop zoster¹

The most important
risk factors

INCREASING AGE
IMMUNOSUPPRESSION

Complications
include

PHN

herpes zoster
ophthalmicus

cranial nerve
palsies

Herpes Zoster Subunit Vaccine

Target Population and Development Program



Development Program Targets Two Populations

Adults ≥ 50 years of age

**Immunocompromised
adults ≥ 18 years of age**

Program Aspirations

**High
vaccine
efficacy in
persons ≥ 50
years of age**

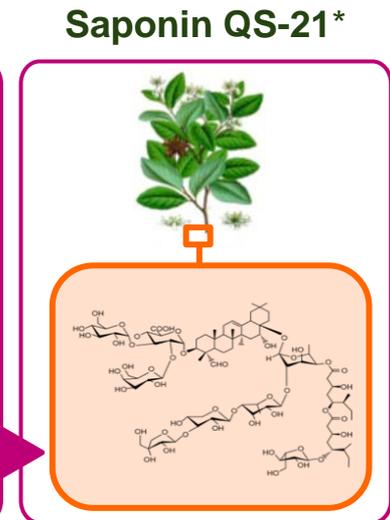
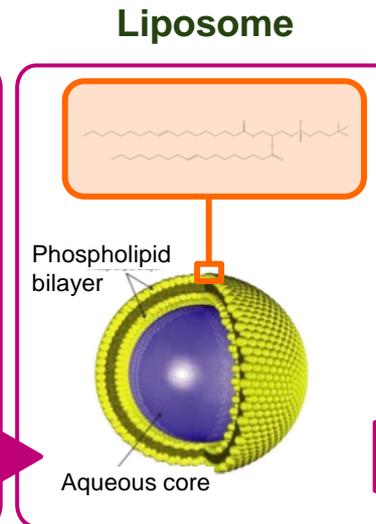
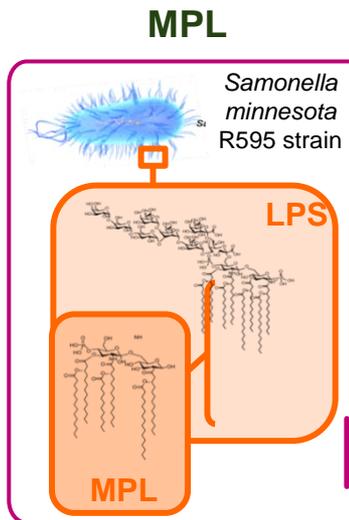
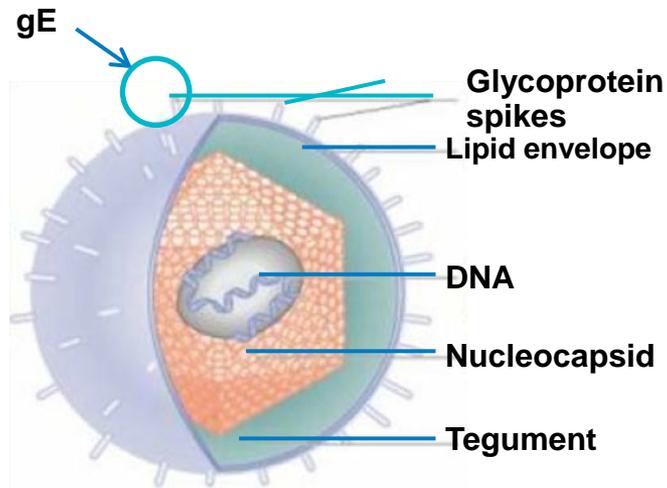
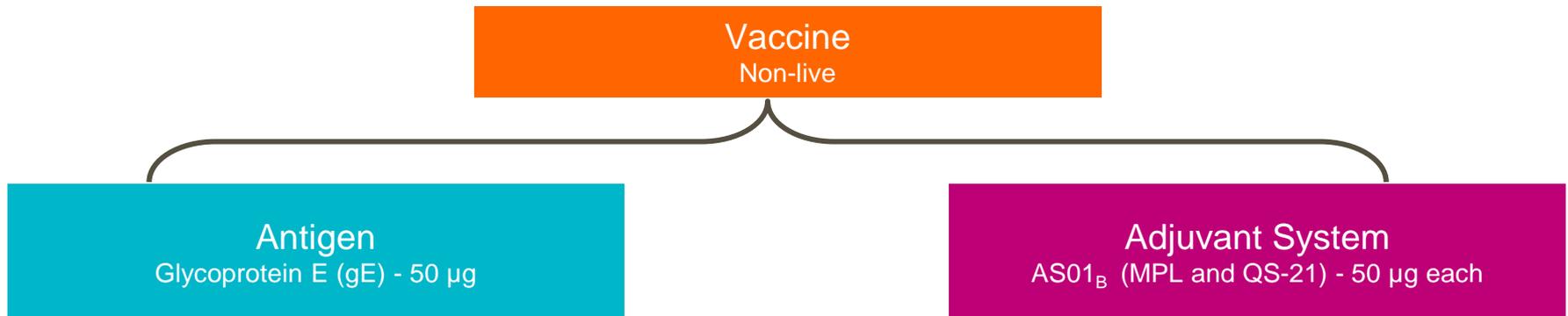
**High vaccine
efficacy in the
oldest persons
(≥ 70 years of
age)**

**Safety and efficacy in
all persons at
increased risk for
HZ including
immunocompromised
persons**

**Prolonged
duration of
protection**

**Ease of
manufacture
and reliability
of supply**

GSK Herpes Subunit Candidate Vaccine Composition



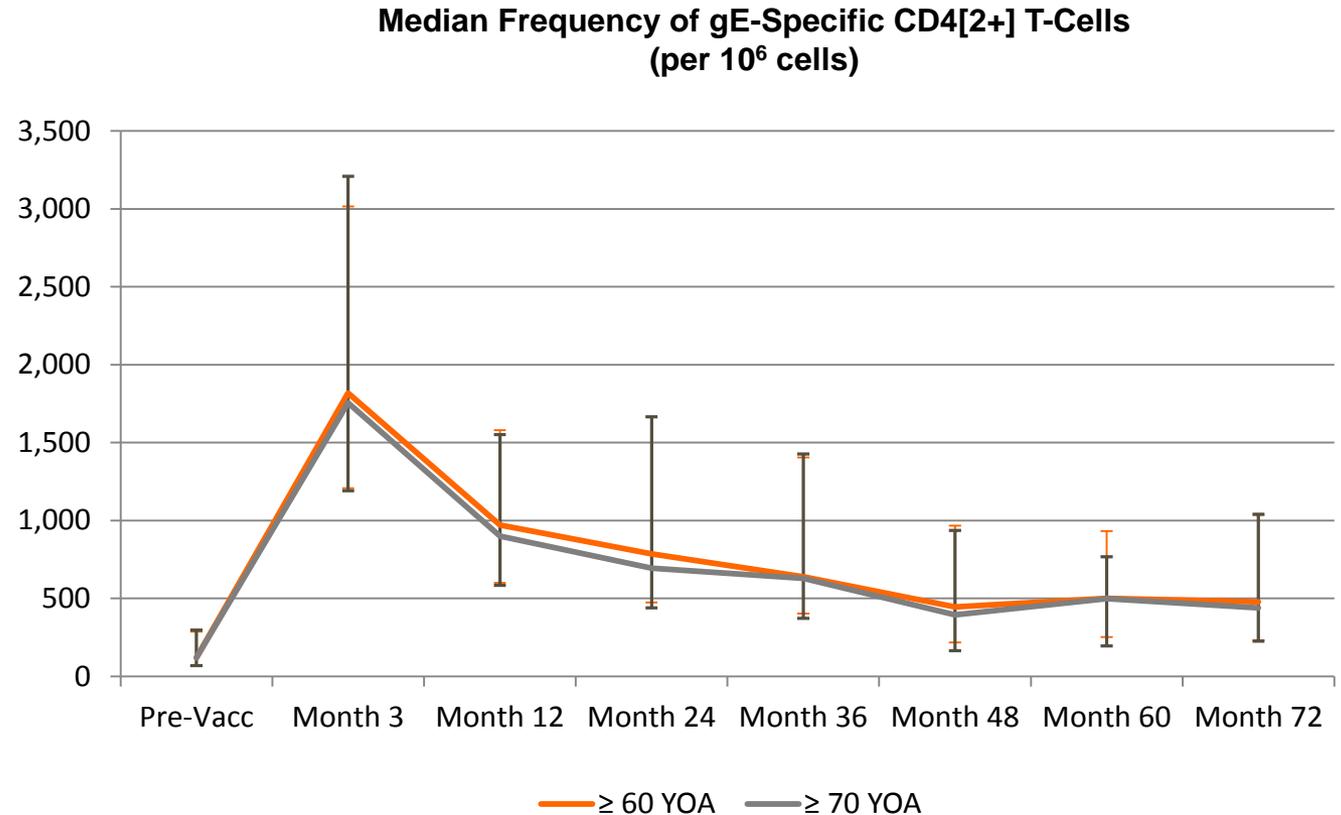
*QS-21: Stimulon® adjuvant licensed from Antigenics Inc, a wholly owned subsidiary of Agenus Inc.

Conclusions from Early Phase Studies

Including Duration of Immune Response



- Two doses of HZ/su induced gE-specific CD4+ T cell and humoral immune responses in adults ≥ 60 years of age
- Immune responses to HZ/su were well-preserved with age including in adults ≥ 70 years of age
- In older adults, immune responses to HZ/su remained above baseline for at least 6 years following vaccination (Mean Age = 72.8)



Geometric Mean Frequency of CD4+ T cells expressing ≥ 2 activation markers (from among IFN- γ , IL-2, TNF- α or CD40L) as quantitated by flow cytometry following intracellular cytokine staining

HZ/su Development Program

Pivotal Phase 3 Efficacy Studies



Study	Population	Objectives	Status
006 (ZOE-50) (Presented to ACIP-June 2015)	Adults (≥ 50)	HZ efficacy, safety, immunogenicity and reactogenicity	Completed - <i>Lai H. NEJM 2015;372:2087-96</i>
022 (ZOE-70)	Adults (≥ 70)	HZ efficacy, safety; immunogenicity and reactogenicity PHN efficacy (pooled 006/022 analysis)	Completed - <i>Cunningham AL. NEJM 2016;375:1019-1032</i>
002	Adults (≥ 18) aHCST*	HZ efficacy, safety, immunogenicity and reactogenicity	Ongoing

* aHCST = autologous hematopoietic stem cell transplant

The efficacy, safety and reactogenicity results of ZOE-70 and pooled ZOE-50/ZOE-70 will be presented today

ZOE-50 and ZOE-70

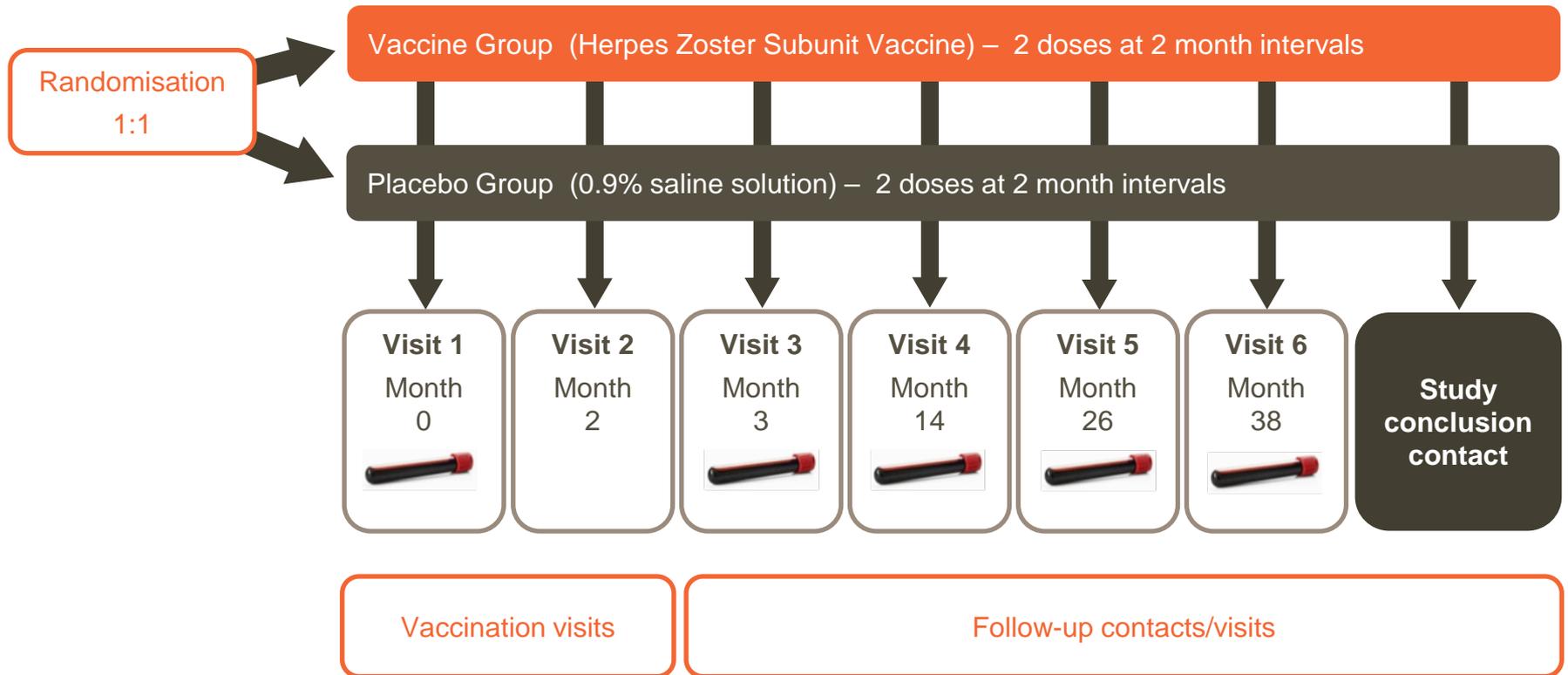
Brief Overview



Study design & Objectives	ZOE-50 ¹ (Zoster-006)	ZOE-70 ² (Zoster-022)
Experimental design	Randomised, Observer-blind, Placebo-controlled, Multicenter Multinational (North America, Europe, Latin America, Asia-Pacific)	
Primary objectives	HZ efficacy in persons ≥50 YOA	HZ efficacy in persons ≥70 YOA
Primary objectives in pooled analysis	PHN efficacy in 70+ HZ efficacy in 70+	
Age ranges	≥ 50 YOA	≥ 70 YOA
Actual enrollment	16,160 Enrolled	14,816 Enrolled

**Efficacy studies conducted at the same sites.
Subjects ≥70 years of age were randomly assigned to ZOE-50 or ZOE-70.**

1. Lal H, Cunningham A, Godeaux O, et al. Efficacy of an adjuvanted herpes zoster subunit vaccine in older adults. *NEJM* 2015;372:2087-96
2. Cunningham AL, Lal H, Kovac M, et al. Efficacy of the herpes zoster subunit vaccine in adults ≥70 years of age. *NEJM* 2016;375:1019-1032



Blood sampling 

1. Lal H, Cunningham A, Godeaux O, et al. Efficacy of an adjuvanted herpes zoster subunit vaccine in older adults. *NEJM* 2015;372:2087-96
2. Cunningham AL, Lal H, Kovac M, et al. Efficacy of the herpes zoster subunit vaccine in adults ≥ 70 years of age. *NEJM* 2016;375:1019-1032

Modified Total Vaccinated Cohort (mTVC)*

Age range (years)	HZ/su VACCINE GROUP N = 7344		PLACEBO GROUP N = 7415		VE (95% CI) [†]
	HZ cases	Rate of HZ (Number per 1000 Person-Years)	HZ cases	Rate of HZ (Number per 1000 Person-Years)	
Overall (≥50)	6	0.3	210	9.1	97.2 (93.7-99.0)
50-59	3	0.3	87	7.8	96.6 (89.6-99.3)
60-69	2	0.3	75	10.8	97.4 (90.1-99.7)
≥70	1	0.2	48	9.4	97.9 (87.9-100)
≥60 ²	3	0.2	123	10.2	97.6 (92.8-99.6)

†P-value for all efficacy comparisons with placebo <0.001

Primary Objective

Secondary Objective

*Excludes subjects not receiving dose 2 or who developed HZ within 1 month after dose 2

1. Lal H, Cunningham A, Godeaux O, et al. Efficacy of an adjuvanted herpes zoster subunit vaccine in older adults. *NEJM* 2015;372:2087-96.

2. CDC. Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices. June 2015 Meeting; <http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/acip/meetings/downloads/slides-2015-06/zoster-03-heineman.pdf>

ZOE-70

Primary Objective

Evaluate vaccine efficacy (VE) in the prevention of HZ.

Key Secondary Objectives

- Evaluate VE in the prevention of PHN.
- Evaluate vaccine safety and reactogenicity.

ZOE-70/ZOE-50 Pooled Analysis

Primary Objectives

- Evaluate VE in the prevention of PHN in subjects ≥ 70 YOA across both phase III studies.
- Evaluate VE in the prevention of HZ in subjects ≥ 70 YOA across both phase III studies.

ZOE-70 Results

Study Cohorts



Population	HZ/su	Placebo
Total vaccinated cohort (TVC): All subjects receiving at least 1 dose <ul style="list-style-type: none">- N = 13,900; mean follow-up time = 4.0 years- Primary cohort for safety analyses	6,950	6,950
Modified total vaccinated cohort (mTVC): Excludes subjects not receiving dose 2 or who developed HZ within 1 month after dose 2 <ul style="list-style-type: none">- N = 13,163; mean follow-up time = 3.7 years- Primary cohort for efficacy analyses	6,541	6,622
Diary card cohort <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Subset of TVC; N = 1,025- Cohort for reactogenicity analyses	512	513

TVC – Total Vaccinated Cohort

ZOE-70

Characteristics	HZ/su N=6950	Placebo N=6950
Age (mean age at dose 1, years ± SD)	75.6 ± 4.7	75.6 ± 4.7
Age, years (%)		
70-79	78	78
≥ 80	22	22
Gender (%)		
Female	54	55
Male	46	45
Region (%)		
Australasia	19	19
Europe	54	54
Latin America	8	8
North America	19	19
Race (%)		
White	77	77
Black	1	1
Asian	18	18
Other	4	5

Vaccine Efficacy Against HZ Overall & by Age Group

Modified Total Vaccinated Cohort (mTVC)

Age range (years)	HZ/su VACCINE GROUP N = 6541		PLACEBO GROUP N = 6622		VE (95% CI) [†]
	HZ cases	Rate of HZ (Number per 1000 Person-Years)	HZ cases	Rate of HZ (Number per 1000 Person-Years)	
Overall (≥70)	23	0.9	223	9.2	89.8 (84.2-93.7)
70-79	17	0.9	169	8.8	90.0 (83.5-94.4)
≥80	6	1.2	54	11.0	89.1 (74.6-96.2)

†P-value for all efficacy comparisons with placebo <0.001

Primary Objective

Secondary Objective

Pooled ZOE-70 and ZOE-50

Vaccine Efficacy Against HZ Over 70 Years of Age



Modified Total Vaccinated Cohort (mTVC)

Age range (years)	HZ/su VACCINE GROUP N = 8250		PLACEBO GROUP N = 8346		VE (95% CI) †
	HZ cases	Rate of HZ (Number per 1000 Person-Years)	HZ cases	Rate of HZ (Number per 1000 Person-Years)	
Overall (≥70)	25	0.8	284	9.3	91.3 (86.8-94.5)
70-79	19	0.8	216	8.9	91.3 (86.0-94.9)
≥80	6	1.0	68	11.1	91.4 (80.2-97.0)

†P-value for all efficacy comparisons with placebo <0.001



Primary Objective



Secondary Objective

Pooled ZOE-70 and ZOE-50

Vaccine Efficacy by Year Post-Vaccination



Modified Total Vaccinated Cohort (mTVC)

Time post-vaccination*	HZ/su VACCINE GROUP N=8250		PLACEBO GROUP N=8346		VE (95% CI)†
	HZ cases	Rate of HZ (Number per 1000 Person-Years)	HZ cases	Rate of HZ (Number per 1000 Person-Years)	
Year 1	2	0.2	83	10.1	97.6 (90.9-99.8)
Year 2	7	0.9	87	11.1	92.0 (82.8-96.9)
Year 3	9	1.2	58	7.7	84.7 (69.0-93.4)
Year 4	7	1.0	56	8.2	87.9 (73.3-95.4)

Secondary Objective

†P-value for all efficacy comparisons with placebo <0.001

*Year 1: from 30 days to 395 days after the second vaccination. Year 2: from >395 days to 760 days after the second vaccination. Year 3: from >760 days to 1,125 days after the second vaccination. Year 4: from >1,125 days after the second vaccination to the last contact date.

Pooled ZOE-70 and ZOE-50



Vaccine Efficacy Against Postherpetic Neuralgia Overall & by Age Group

Modified Total Vaccinated Cohort (mTVC)

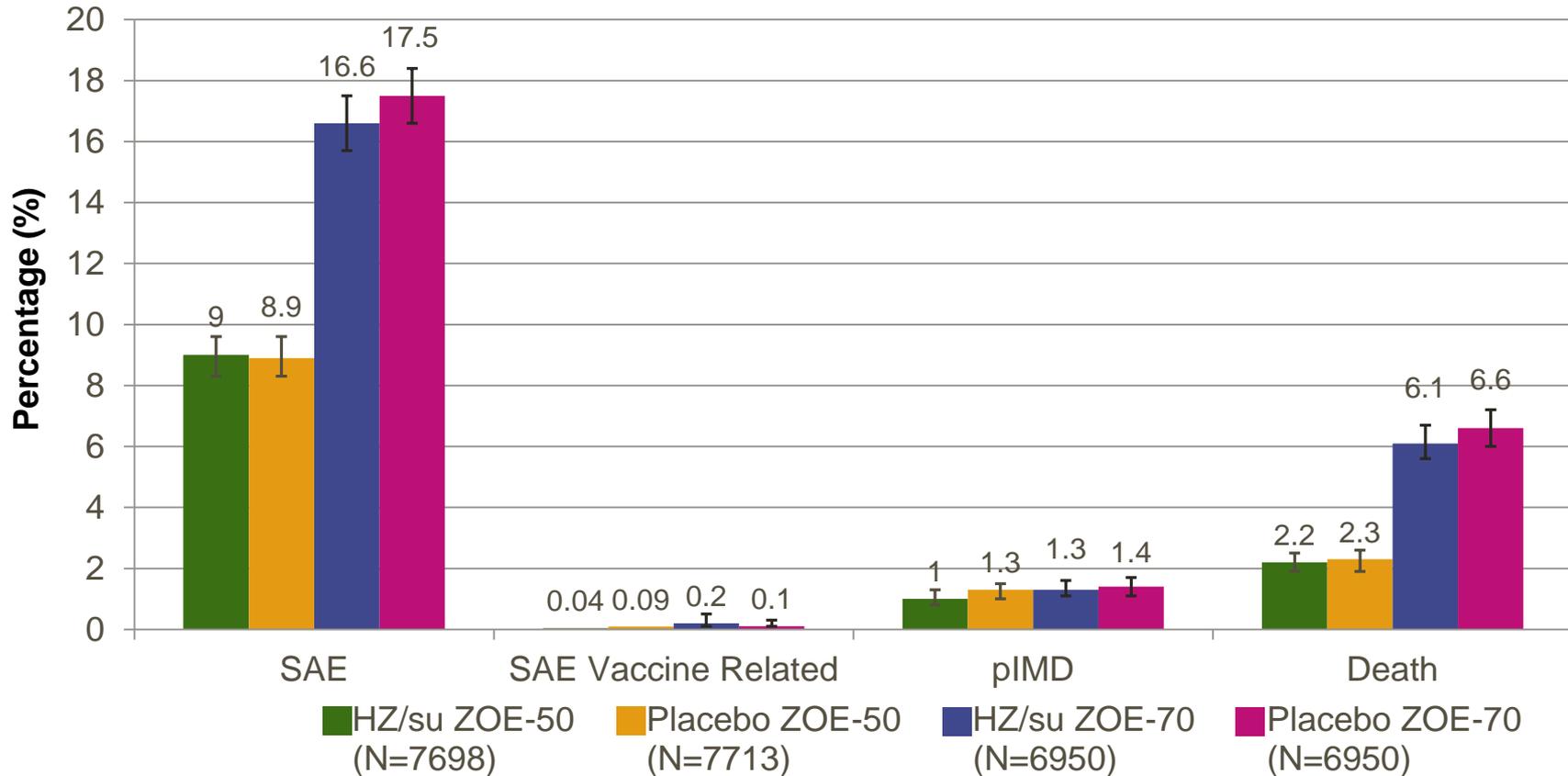
Age range (years)	HZ/su VACCINE GROUP N=13881		PLACEBO GROUP N=14035		VE (95% CI)
	PHN cases	Rate of PHN (Number per 1000 Person-Years)	PHN cases	Rate of PHN (Number per 1000 Person-Years)	
≥70	4	0.1	36	1.2	88.8* (68.7-97.1)
≥50	4	0.1	46	0.9	91.2* (75.9-97.7)
≥60	4	0.1	38	1.0	89.4* (70.5-97.3)
70-79	2	0.1	29	1.2	93.0* (72.4-99.2)
≥80	2	0.3	7	1.1	71.2† (-51.6-97.1)

*P < 0.001; †P = 0.1844 (the number of cases in the placebo group were not sufficient in ≥ 80 year group)

Primary Objective

Secondary Objective

Over The Duration Of The Study



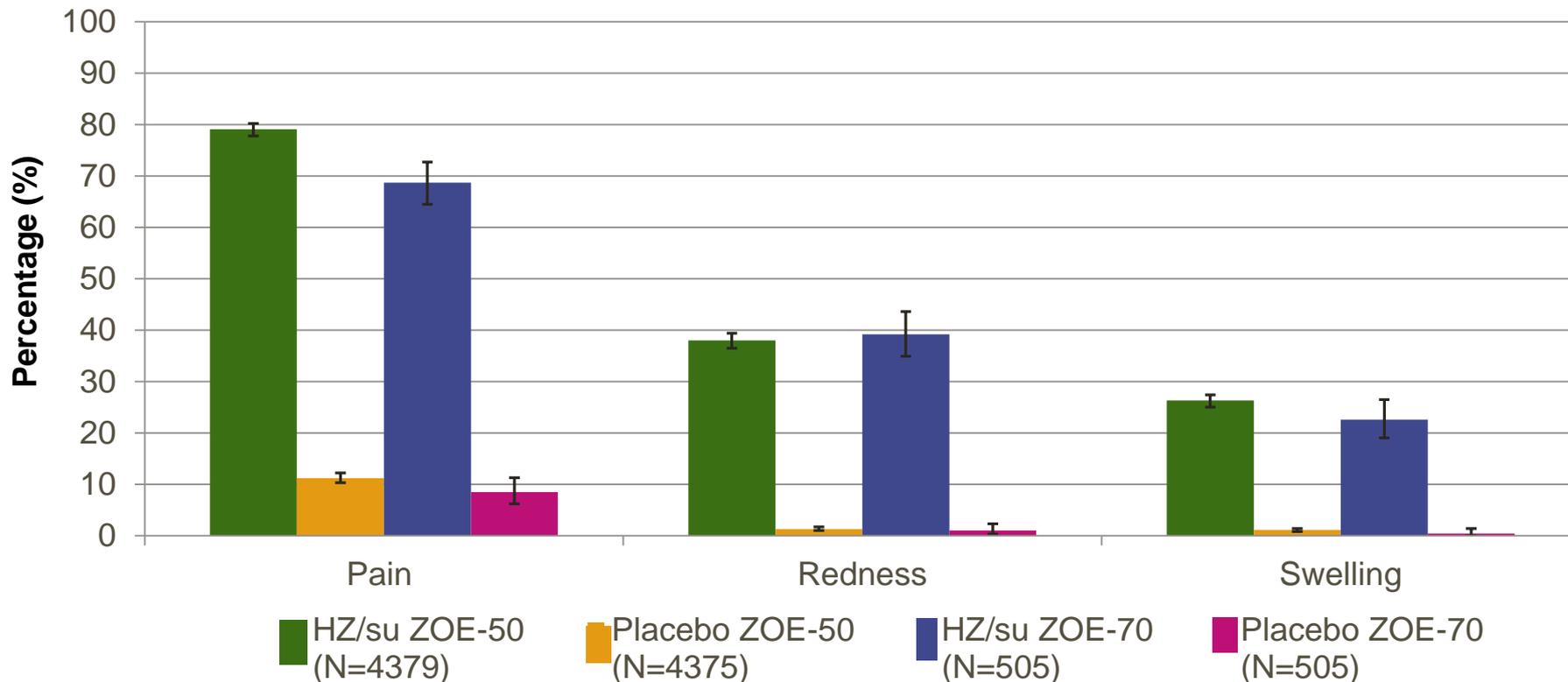
pIMDs = potential immune mediated diseases

ZOE-50: Duration: mean = 4.1 years

ZOE-70: Duration: mean = 4.0 years

1. Lal H, Cunningham A, Godeaux O, et al. Efficacy of an adjuvanted herpes zoster subunit vaccine in older adults. *NEJM* 2015;372:2087-96.
2. Cunningham AL, Lal H, Kovac M, et al. Efficacy of the Herpes Zoster Subunit Vaccine in Adults 70 Years of Age and Older. *NEJM* 2016;375:1019-32

Solicited Local Symptoms Reported During 7 Days Post-Vaccination Any Grade Overall By Subject

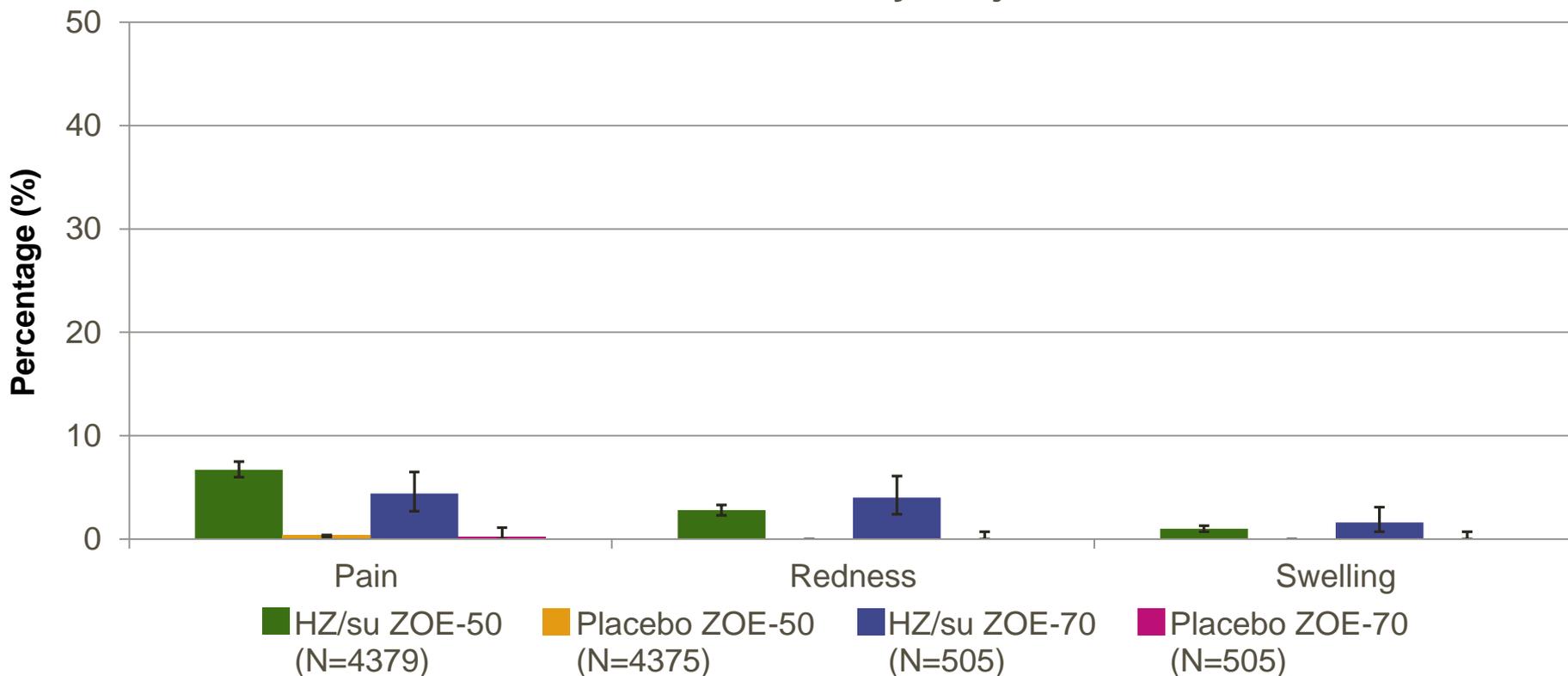


ZOE-50: Overall median duration of 3 days for pain, redness, and swelling

ZOE-70 : Overall median duration of 2 days for pain; 3 days for redness and swelling

1. Lal H, Cunningham A, Godeaux O, et al. Efficacy of an adjuvanted herpes zoster subunit vaccine in older adults. *NEJM* 2015;372:2087-96.
2. Cunningham AL, Lal H, Kovac M, et al. Efficacy of the Herpes Zoster Subunit Vaccine in Adults 70 Years of Age and Older. *NEJM* 2016;375:1019-32

Solicited Local Symptoms Reported During 7 Days Post-Vaccination Grade 3 Overall By Subject



Grade 3 = Redness and swelling at the injection site were scored as grade 3 for those more than 100 mm. All other symptoms were scored as 3 for preventing normal activity

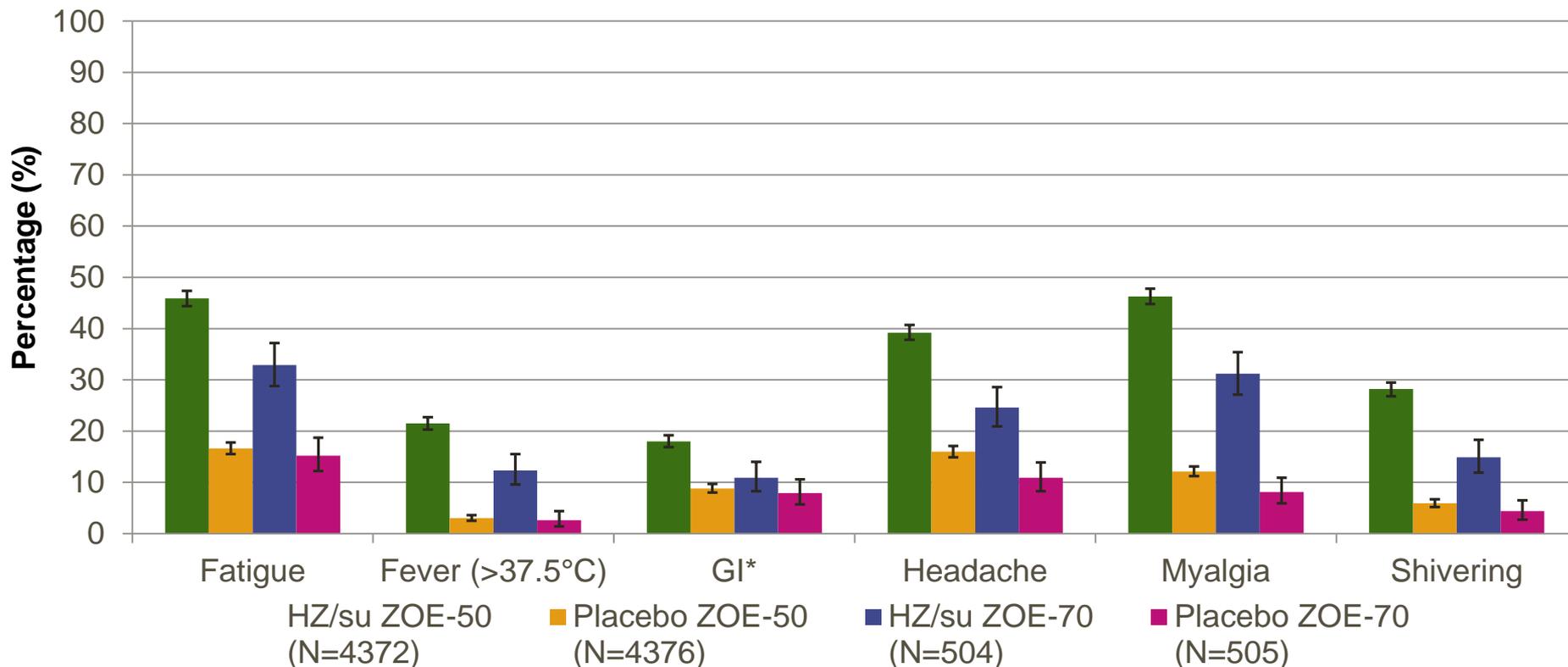
ZOE-50: Median duration of Grade 3 pain = 1 day ; redness and swelling = 2 days

ZOE-70: Median duration of Grade 3 pain = 1.5 days; redness = 2 days; swelling = 1 day

1. Data on File. Study 113077. 2016 Available at: <http://www.gsk-clinicalstudyregister.com/>

2. Data on File. Study 110390. 2016. Available at: <http://www.gsk-clinicalstudyregister.com/>

Solicited Systemic Symptoms Reported During 7 Days Post-Vaccination Any Grade Overall By Subject



*Gastrointestinal symptoms included nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and/or abdominal pain

ZOE-50: Median duration of 2 days for fatigue, GI, HA, and myalgia; 1 day for fever and shivering

ZOE-70 : Median duration of 2 days for fatigue, GI, HA, myalgia, and fever; 1 day for shivering

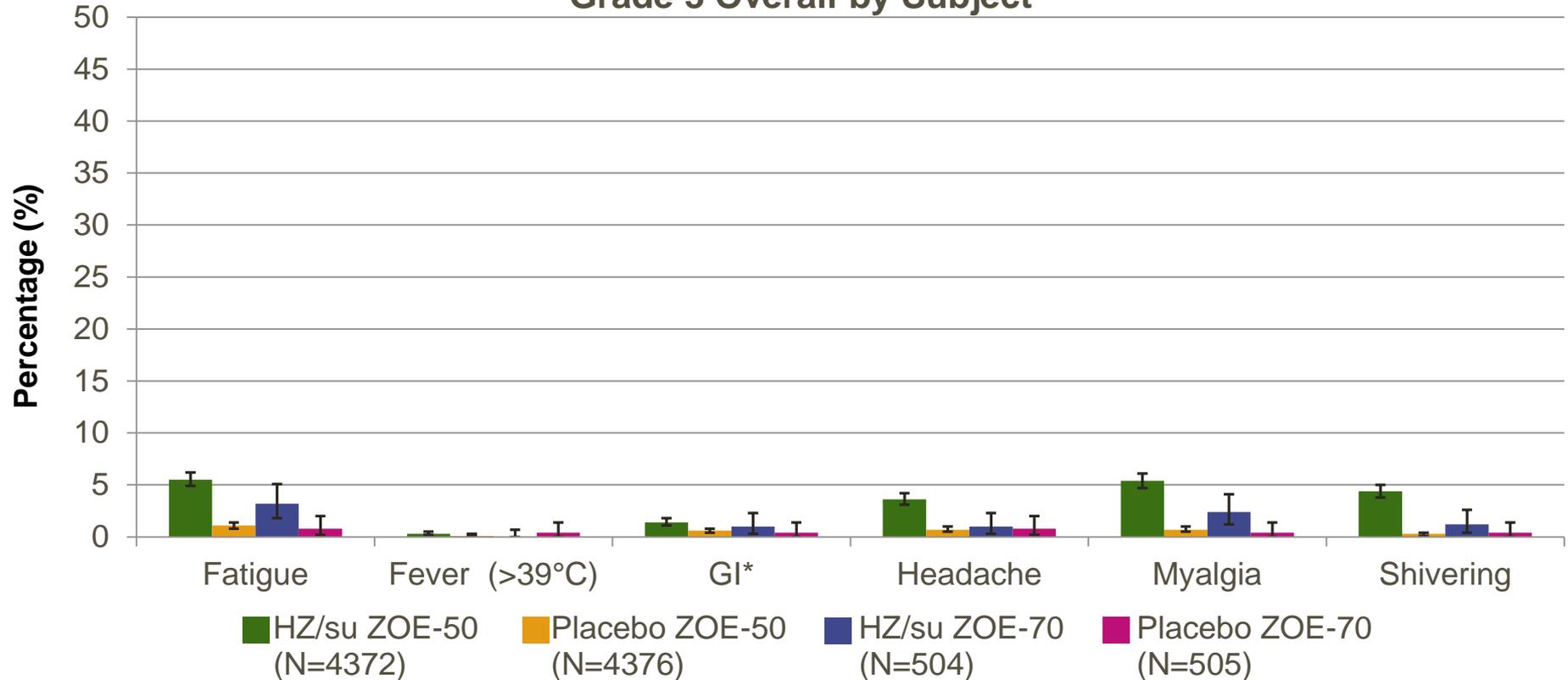
1. Lal H, Cunningham A, Godeaux O, et al. Efficacy of an adjuvanted herpes zoster subunit vaccine in older adults. NEJM 2015;372:2087-96.
 2. Cunningham AL, Lal H, Kovac M, et al. Efficacy of the Herpes Zoster Subunit Vaccine in Adults 70 Years of Age and Older. NEJM 2016;375:1019-32

ZOE-50 and ZOE-70

Reactogenicity Subgroups^{1,2}



Solicited Systemic Symptoms Reported During 7 Days Post-Vaccination Grade 3 Overall by Subject



Grade 3 = Temperature was scored as grade 3 for more than 39°C. (The preferred route for recording temperature was oral). All other symptoms were scored as 3 for preventing normal activity *Gastrointestinal symptoms included nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and/or abdominal pain

ZOE-50: Median duration of all Grade 3 symptoms = 1 day

ZOE-70: Median duration of Grade 3 myalgia = 2 days; shivering, fatigue, GI, and HA = 1 day

1. Data on File. Study 113077. 2016 Available at: <http://www.gsk-clinicalstudyregister.com/>
2. Data on File. Study 110390. 2016. Available at: <http://www.gsk-clinicalstudyregister.com/>

Total Vaccinated Cohort

ZOE-50

Total number of doses received	HZ/su N = 7698		Placebo N = 7698	
	n	%	n	%
1	337	4.4	277	3.6
2	7361	95.6	7436	96.4
Any	7698	100	7713	100

ZOE-70

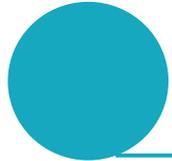
Total number of doses received	HZ/su N = 6950		Placebo N = 6950	
	n	%	n	%
1	392	5.6	305	4.4
2	6558	94.4	6645	95.6
Any	6950	100	6950	100

HZ/su = Herpes zoster subunit vaccine

1. Lal H, Cunningham A, Godeaux O, et al. Efficacy of an adjuvanted herpes zoster subunit vaccine in older adults. NEJM 2015;372:2087-96.

2. Cunningham AL, Lal H, Kovac M, et al. Efficacy of the Herpes Zoster Subunit Vaccine in Adults 70 Years of Age and Older. NEJM 2016;375:1019-32

Safety/Reactogenicity



No imbalance in the incidence of safety endpoints (serious adverse events, potential autoimmune diseases, deaths) were observed between the HZ/su and placebo groups

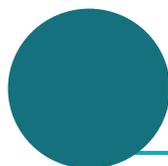


Adverse events and safety endpoints were as expected in this patient population



Local and systemic reactions to HZ/su were common in the first 7 days after vaccination; the large majority were of mild-moderate intensity and of short duration

Efficacy



ZOE-70 Vaccine efficacy in adults 70 years and older was >90% for the prevention of HZ ; these results are consistent with the previous 97% vaccine efficacy in this age group from ZOE-50 trial.



In the pooled analyses, vaccine efficacy for the prevention of herpes zoster in adults 80 years and older was 91%



HZ/su vaccine efficacy (87.9%) remained high in year 4 after vaccination.



HZ/su exhibited similarly high vaccine efficacy (89%) in the prevention of PHN in individuals 70 years and older.

Upcoming Evidence Generation



Revaccination: Immunogenicity, safety and reactogenicity in individuals with history of Zostavax™ immunization



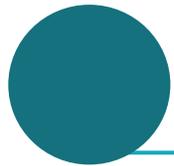
Co-administration: Immunogenicity, safety and reactogenicity with quadrivalent influenza, PPSV23, and Tdap



Duration of protection: Efficacy, safety, and immunogenicity persistence post-vaccination follow-up of ZOE-50/ZOE-70 subjects



Regulatory Submissions



GSK plans to submit BLA for CBER review of candidate HZ/su vaccine before the end of 2016

Planned Indication: Prevention of herpes zoster in adults greater than 50 years of age

GSK believes HZ/su has the real potential to improve the prevention of shingles and could shed light on the way future vaccines are developed to overcome the challenge of decreasing immunity in older adults and the elderly.
